

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

ANTWAN L. TOMPKIN,

Defendant.

Case No. 05-cr-40001-JPG

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**

This matter comes before the Court on defense counsel's Motion (Doc. 100) to withdraw. Following Defendant Antwan Tompkin's guilty plea in this matter, the Federal Public Defender explored whether he qualified for a reduction of his criminal sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) and United States Sentencing Guidelines Manual (hereinafter "U.S.S.G.") § 1B1.10. Tompkin's counsel eventually filed the instant motion, wherein she argues any reduction would now be moot as Tompkin is currently on supervised release. Despite the allowance of a response period by this Court (*see* Doc. 102), Tompkin did not respond to defense counsel's motion. Meanwhile, the Government filed a Response (Doc. 103) that agreed with the basic assertions and relief requested by defense counsel.

Tompkin pled guilty to one count of conspiracy to distribute 5 grams or more of a mixture containing crack cocaine. At sentencing, the Court found by a preponderance of the evidence that Tompkin's relevant conduct yielded a base offense level of 32. Tompkin's base offense level was reduced by three points under U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1 for acceptance of responsibility. Considering Tompkin's criminal history category of II, this yielded a sentencing range of 120 to 121 months in prison. Ultimately, the Court imposed a sentence of 120 months.

Section 3582(c)(2) allows the Court to reduce a defendant's previously imposed sentence where "a defendant . . . has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment based on a sentencing range



that has subsequently been lowered by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 994(o).” In doing so, the Court must consider the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) and must ensure that any reduction “is consistent with applicable policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission.” 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) (2006). Thus, a defendant urging a sentence reduction under § 3582(c)(2) must satisfy two criteria: (1) the Sentencing Commission must have lowered the applicable guideline sentencing range, and (2) the reduction must be consistent with applicable policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission. If the defendant cannot satisfy the first criterion, the Court has no subject matter jurisdiction to consider any reduction request. *United States v. Lawrence*, 535 F.3d 631, 637-38 (7th Cir. 2008); *see United States v. Forman*, 553 F.3d 585, 588 (7th Cir. 2008), *cert. denied* 129 S. Ct. 2817 (2009).

Here, the Court need not address either criterion. Custody is a prerequisite to reduction analysis. Since Tompkin has served his term of imprisonment and is currently serving his term of supervised release, any request or finding of reduction would be moot.

Accordingly, the Court **GRANTS** defense counsel’s Motion (Doc. 100) to withdraw.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**  
**DATED: March 3, 2010**

s/ J. Phil Gilbert  
**J. PHIL GILBERT**  
**DISTRICT JUDGE**